## **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

Claims 1-19 (Canceled)

- 20. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in Claim—19 55, wherein, as the exhaust valve closing timing, a target exhaust valve closing timing is used for calculating the estimated internal EGR quantity.
- 21. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in Claim 19 A method for an engine, the method comprising:

obtaining information on an exhaust valve closing timing, an intake valve opening timing and an engine speed; and

calculating an estimated internal EGR quantity of the engine in accordance with the exhaust valve closing timing, the intake valve opening timing and the engine speed, wherein the method is an internal EGR quantity estimating method; and wherein the method further comprises calculating a base internal EGR quantity in accordance with the exhaust valve closing timing and the engine speed; and the estimated internal EGR quantity is set equal to the base internal EGR quantity without modification when there is no valve overlap between an exhaust valve opening period and an intake valve opening period, and the estimated internal EGR quantity is determined by modifying the base internal EGR quantity with a valve overlap condition of the engine when there is a valve overlap.

22. (Original) The method as claimed in Claim 21, wherein the method further comprises calculating an overlap correction quantity in accordance with the overlap condition; and the estimated internal EGR quantity is determined by addition of the overlap correction quantity to the base internal EGR quantity when there is a valve overlap between the exhaust valve opening period and the intake valve opening period.



- 23. (Original) The method as claimed in Claim 21, wherein the base internal EGR quantity is increased with increase in an interval from one of an exhaust top dead center and the exhaust valve closing timing to the other.
- 24. (Original) The method as claimed in Claim 21, wherein the base internal EGR quantity is increased as the engine speed increases when the exhaust valve closing timing is before an exhaust top dead center.
- 25. (Original) The method as claimed in Claim 21, wherein the base internal EGR quantity is decreased as the engine speed increases when the exhaust valve closing timing is after an exhaust top dead center.
- 26. (Original) The method as claimed in Claim 22, wherein the estimated internal EGR quantity is increased by increasing the overlap correction quantity with increase in a valve overlap quantity between the exhaust valve opening period and the intake valve opening period.
- 27. (Original) The method as claimed in Claim 22, wherein the estimated internal EGR quantity is decreased by decreasing the overlap correction quantity with increase in a retard of the exhaust valve closing timing from an exhaust top dead center when the exhaust valve closing timing is after the exhaust top dead center.
- 28. (Original) The method as claimed in Claim 26, wherein the estimated internal EGR quantity is increased by increasing the overlap correction quantity with increase in an absolute value of an intake pressure on a negative pressure side.
- 29. (Original) The method as claimed in Claim 22, wherein the method further comprises calculating a base correction quantity in accordance with a valve overlap quantity; and calculating an intake pressure modification quantity in accordance with an intake pressure and the exhaust valve closing timing; and the overlap correction quantity is determined by modifying the base correction quantity with the intake pressure modification quantity.

- 30. (Original) The method as claimed in Claim 26, wherein the valve overlap quantity is determined by converting a valve overlap angular interval expressed as an angular distance in crankshaft rotation to a valve overlap time period.
- 31. (Original) The method as claimed in Claim 29, wherein the method further comprises determining an intermediate quantity in accordance with the valve overlap quantity; setting the base correction quantity equal to the intermediate quantity when the exhaust valve closing timing is before an exhaust top dead center; and determining the base correction quantity by subtraction from the intermediate quantity, of a subtrahend proportional to a retard quantity of the exhaust valve closing timing with respect to the exhaust top dead center when the exhaust valve closing timing is after the exhaust top dead center.
- 32. (Original) The method as claimed in Claim 29, wherein an intake pressure modification coefficient is determined, as the intake pressure modification quantity, in accordance with the intake pressure, the exhaust valve closing timing and the valve overlap quantity; and wherein the overlap correction quantity is calculated by multiplying the base correction quantity by the intake pressure modification coefficient.
- 33. (Original) The method as claimed in Claim 29, wherein the intake pressure modification quantity is increased as an absolute value of the intake pressure increases on a negative side, and the intake pressure modification quantity is increased in accordance with a retard quantity of the exhaust valve closing timing from an exhaust top dead center when the exhaust valve closing timing is after the exhaust top dead center and the absolute value of the intake pressure is higher than a predetermined level.
- 34. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in Claim 19 55 wherein the method is an engine cylinder intake air quantity calculating method, and the method further comprises:

calculating an engine cylinder intake air quantity in accordance with the estimated internal EGR quantity.



35. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in Claim 34 A method for an engine, the method comprising:

obtaining information on an exhaust valve closing timing, an intake valve opening timing and an engine speed;

calculating an estimated internal EGR quantity of the engine in accordance with the exhaust valve closing timing, the intake valve opening timing and the engine speed wherein the method is an engine cylinder intake air quantity calculating method; and

calculating an engine cylinder intake air quantity in accordance with the estimated internal EGR quantity, wherein the method further comprises calculating a cylinder air volume quantity in accordance with the estimated internal EGR quantity and a cylinder volume calculated from the intake valve closing timing; the engine cylinder intake air quantity is an engine cylinder intake air mass quantity which is the mass of air inducted into a cylinder section of the engine; and the engine cylinder intake air mass quantity is calculated in accordance with the cylinder air volume quantity, an intake manifold air mass quantity and an intake manifold volume.

- 36. (Original) The method as claimed in Claim 35, further comprising calculating the intake manifold air mass quantity by calculating a balance between an intake manifold inflow air mass quantity which is the mass of air flowing into an intake manifold section of the engine, and an intake manifold outflow air mass quantity which is the mass of air flowing out of the intake manifold section.
- 37. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in Claim 19 55, wherein the method is an engine control method, and the method further comprises:

controlling the engine in accordance with the estimated internal EGR quantity.

38. (Original) The method as claimed in Claim 37, wherein the method is an engine ignition timing control method, and ignition timing of the engine is controlled in accordance with the estimated internal EGR quantity.



39. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 38, further comprising A method for an engine, the method comprising:

obtaining information on an exhaust valve closing timing, an intake valve opening timing and an engine speed;

calculating an estimated internal EGR quantity of the engine in accordance with the exhaust valve closing timing, the intake valve opening timing and the engine;

controlling the engine in accordance with the estimated internal EGR;

calculating a residual gas ratio in accordance with the estimated internal EGR quantity, the residual gas ratio being a mass ratio of a residual gas quantity to a total cylinder gas quantity;

calculating a combustion speed in accordance with the residual gas ratio;

calculating a combustion reaction time from a start of ignition to a peak of a combustion pressure, in accordance with the combustion speed; and

calculating a maximum torque producing ignition timing in accordance with the combustion reaction time, to control an actual ignition timing of the engine to achieve the maximum torque producing ignition timing.

- 40. (Original) The method as claimed in Claim 37, wherein the method is an engine valve timing control method, and an intake valve closing timing of the engine is controlled in accordance with the estimated internal EGR quantity.
- 41. (Original) The method as claimed in Claim 40, wherein the intake valve closing timing is controlled in accordance with the estimated internal EGR quantity and a target intake air quantity calculated in accordance with an engine operating state.
  - 42. (Canceled)



43. (Currently Amended) The apparatus as claimed in Claim 42 <u>56</u>, wherein the apparatus is an engine cylinder intake air quantity estimating apparatus; and the apparatus further comprises:

an engine cylinder intake air quantity estimating section to calculate an engine cylinder intake air quantity in accordance with the estimated internal EGR quantity.

44. (Currently Amended) The apparatus as claimed in Claim 42 56, wherein the apparatus is an engine control apparatus; and the apparatus further comprises:

a controlling section to control the engine in accordance with the estimated internal EGR quantity.

- 45. (Original) The apparatus as claimed in Claim 44, wherein the controlling section is configured to control an ignition timing of the engine in accordance with the estimated internal EGR quantity.
- 46. (Original) The apparatus as claimed in Claim 44, wherein the controlling section is configured to control an intake valve closing timing of the engine in accordance with the estimated internal EGR quantity.
- 47. (Currently Amended) The apparatus as claimed in Claim 46 An apparatus comprising:

an internal EGR quantity estimating section to calculate an estimated internal EGR quantity of an engine in accordance with an exhaust valve closing timing, an intake valve opening timing and an engine speed of the engine, wherein the apparatus is an engine control apparatus;

a controlling section to control the engine in accordance with the estimated internal EGR quantity, wherein the controlling section is configured to control an intake valve closing timing of the engine in accordance with the estimated internal EGR quantity; and wherein the apparatus further comprises a target air quantity calculating section to calculate a target air quantity in accordance with an engine operating state, and the controlling section is



configured to control the intake valve closing timing in accordance with the target air quantity and the estimated internal EGR quantity.

48. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for an engine, the apparatus comprising:

means for collecting information on an exhaust valve closing timing, an intake valve opening timing and an engine speed of the engine; and

means for calculating an estimated internal EGR quantity of the engine in accordance with the exhaust valve closing timing, the intake valve opening timing and the engine speed[[.]], the means for calculating the estimated internal EGR quantity including means for calculating a base internal EGR quantity in accordance with the exhaust valve closing timing and the engine speed, and for setting the estimated internal EGR quantity equal to the base internal EGR quantity when there is no valve overlap between an exhaust valve opening period and an intake valve opening period.

- 49. (Original) The apparatus as claimed in Claim 48, further comprising means for controlling an engine operating parameter of the engine in accordance with the estimated internal EGR quantity.
- 50. (Currently Amended) The apparatus as claimed in Claim 42 <u>56</u>, wherein the internal EGR quantity estimating section uses, as the exhaust valve closing timing, a target exhaust valve closing timing, for calculating the estimated internal EGR quantity.
- 51. (Currently Amended) The apparatus as claimed in Claim 42 <u>56</u>, wherein the internal EGR quantity estimating section is configured to calculate [[a]] <u>the</u> base internal EGR quantity in accordance with the exhaust valve closing timing and the engine speed; to set the estimated internal EGR quantity equal to the base internal EGR quantity without modification when there is no valve overlap between an exhaust valve opening period and an intake valve opening period; and to determine the estimated internal EGR quantity by modifying the base internal EGR quantity with a valve overlap condition of the engine when there is a valve overlap.



- 52. (Previously Presented) The apparatus as claimed in Claim 48, wherein the means for calculating the estimated internal EGR quantity includes means for using, as the exhaust valve closing timing, a target exhaust valve closing timing, for calculating the estimated internal EGR quantity.
- 53. (Currently Amended) The apparatus as claimed in Claim 48, wherein the means for calculating the estimated internal EGR quantity includes means for calculating [[a]] the base internal EGR quantity in accordance with the exhaust valve closing timing and the engine speed; for setting the estimated internal EGR quantity equal to the base internal EGR quantity without modification when there is no valve overlap between an exhaust valve opening period and an intake valve opening period; and for determining the estimated internal EGR quantity by modifying the base internal EGR quantity with a valve overlap condition of the engine when there is a valve overlap.
- 54. (Previously Presented) The apparatus as claimed in Claim 48, wherein the apparatus further comprises means for calculating an engine cylinder intake air quantity in accordance with the estimated internal EGR quantity.
  - 55. (New) A method for an engine, the method comprising:

obtaining information on an exhaust valve closing timing, and an engine speed;

calculating a base internal EGR quantity in accordance with the exhaust valve closing timing and the engine speed; and

setting an estimated internal EGR quantity of the engine equal to the base internal EGR quantity when there is no valve overlap between an exhaust valve opening period and an intake valve opening period.

## 56. (New) An apparatus comprising:

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an internal EGR quantity estimating section to calculate a base internal EGR quantity in accordance with an exhaust valve closing timing and an engine speed of an engine, and to set an estimated internal EGR quantity equal to the base internal EGR quantity when there is no valve overlap between an exhaust valve opening period and an intake valve opening period.